

B.A. Programme
Revised Syllabus (Semester Scheme) - 2011

1. Paper I Semester I - Introduction to Political Theory
2. Paper II Semester II - Themes in Comparative Political Theory
3. Paper III Semester III - Indian Government and Politics
4. Paper IV Semester IV - Comparative Government and Politics
5. Paper V Optional A Semester V - Introduction to International Relations
6. Paper V Optional B Semester V - Administration and Public Policy: Concepts and Theories
7. Paper VI Optional B Semester V - Administration and Public Policy
8. Paper VI Optional A Semester VI - A Globalizing World

NOTE:- Colleges must offer both optionals in semesters V and VI.

BA Programme
Paper I Semester I
Introduction to Political Theory

Maximum Marks: 100.

No of Lectures : 60

Course Objective: This course aims to introduce certain key aspects of conceptual analysis in political theory and the skills required to engage in debates surrounding the application of the concepts.

1. **a. What is Politics?**
 - b. What is Political Theory and what is its relevance? (11 lectures)**
2. **Concepts: Democracy, Liberty, Equality, Justice, Rights, Gender, Citizenship, Civil Society and State (36 lectures)**
3. **Debates in Political Theory:**
 - a. Is democracy compatible with economic growth?**
 - b. On what grounds is censorship justified and what are its limits?**
 - c. Does protective discrimination violate principles of fairness?**
 - d. Should the State intervene in the institution of the family? (13 lectures)**

Essential Readings:

Topic 1

Bhargava, R. (2008) 'What is Political Theory', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 2-17.

Bhargava, R. (2008) 'Why Do We Need Political Theory', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 18-37.

Topic 2

Sriranjani, V. (2008) 'Liberty', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 40-57.

Acharya, A. (2008) 'Equality', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 58-73.

- Menon, K. (2008) 'Justice', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 74-82.
- Talukdar, P.S. (2008) 'Rights', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 88-105.
- Srinivasan, J. (2008) 'Democracy', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 106-128.
- Roy, A. 'Citizenship', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 130-147.
- Das, S. (2008) 'State', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 170-187.
- Singh, M. (2008) 'Civil Society', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 188-205.
- Menon, N. (2008) 'Gender', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 224-235.
- Shorten, A. (2008) 'Nation and State', in McKinnon, C. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 33-55.
- Christiano, Thomas. (2008) 'Democracy', in McKinnon, Catriona. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 80-96.
- Riley, J. (2008) 'Liberty', in McKinnon, C. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 103-125.
- Casal, P. & William, A. (2008) 'Equality', in McKinnon, C. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 149- 165.
- Wolf, J. (2008) 'Social Justice', in McKinnon, C. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 172-193.
- Brighouse, H. (2008) 'Citizenship', in McKinnon, C. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 241-259.
- Chambers, C. (2008) 'Gender', in McKinnon, C. (ed.) *Issues in Political Theory*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 241-288.
- Swift, A. (2001) *Political Philosophy: A Beginners Guide for Students and Politicians*. Cambridge: Polity Press.

Topic 3

- Sen, A. (2003) 'Freedom Favours Development,' in Dahl, R., Shapiro, I. and Cheibub, A. J. (eds.) *The Democracy Sourcebook*. Cambridge, Massachusetts: MIT Press, pp. 444-446.

- Prezowski, A., et al. (2003) 'Political Regimes and Economic Growth,' in Dahl, R., Shapiro, I. and Cheibub, A. J. (eds.) *The Democracy Sourcebook*. Cambridge, Massachusetts: MIT Press, pp. 447-454.
- Sethi, A. (2008) 'Freedom of Speech and the Question of Censorship', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 308-319.
- Acharya, A. (2008) 'Affirmative Action', in Bhargava, R. and Acharya, A. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 298-307.
- Frances E O. (1985) 'The Myth of State Intervention in the Family', *University of Michigan Journal of Law Reform*. 18 (4), pp. 835-64.
- Jha, M. (2001) 'Ramabai: Gender and Caste', in Singh, M.P. and Roy, H. (eds.) *Indian Political Thought: Themes and Thinkers*, New Delhi: Pearson.

BA Programme
Paper II Semester II
Themes in Comparative Political Theory

Maximum Marks: 100

No. of Lectures: 60

Course Objective: This course aims to familiarize students with the need to recognize how conceptual resources in political theory draw from plural traditions. By chiefly exploring the Indian and Western traditions of political theory through some select themes, the overall objective is to appreciate the value and distinctiveness of comparative political theory.

1. Distinctive features of Indian and Western political thought (08 lectures)

2. Western Thought: Thinkers and Themes

- a. Aristotle on Citizenship
- b. Locke on Rights
- c. Rousseau on inequality
- d. J. S. Mill on liberty and democracy
- e. Marx and Bakunin on State **(26 lectures)**

3. Indian Thought: Thinkers and Themes

- a. Kautilya on State
- b. Tilak and Gandhi on Swaraj
- c. Ambedkar and Lohia on Social Justice
- d. Nehru and Jayaprakash Narayan on Democracy
- e. Pandita Ramabai on Patriarchy **(26 lectures)**

Readings:

Topic 1.

Dallmayr, F. (2009) 'Comparative Political Theory: What is it good for?', in Shogimen, T. and Nederman, C. J. (eds.) *Western Political Thought in Dialogue with Asia*. Plymouth, United Kingdom: Lexington, pp. 13-24.

Parel, A. J. (2009) 'From Political Thought in India to Indian Political Thought', in Shogiman, T. and Nederman, C. J. (eds.) *Western Political Thought in Dialogue with Asia*. Plymouth, United Kingdom: Lexington, pp. 187-208.

Pantham, Th. (1986) 'Introduction: For the Study of Modern Indian Political Thought', in Pantham, Th. & Deutch, K. L. (eds.) *Political Thought in Modern India*. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 9-16.

Topic 2.

Burns, T. (2003) 'Aristotle', in Boucher, D and Kelly, P. (eds.) *Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 73-91.

Waldron, J. (2003) 'Locke', in Boucher, D. and Kelly, P. (eds.) *Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present*, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 181-197.

Boucher, D. (2003) 'Rousseau', in Boucher, D. and Kelly, P. (eds.) *Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 235-252.

Kelly, P. (2003) 'J.S. Mill on Liberty', in Boucher, D. and Kelly, P. (eds.) *Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 324-359.

Wilde, L. (2003) 'Early Marx', in Boucher, D. and Kelly, P. (eds.) *Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 404-435.

Sparks, Ch. and Isaacs, S. (2004) *Political Theorists in Context*. London: Routledge, pp. 237-255.

Topic 3.

Mehta, V. R. (1992) *Foundations of Indian Political Thought*. New Delhi: Manohar Publishers, pp. 88-109.

Inamdar, N.R. (1986) 'The Political Ideas of Lokmanya Tilak', in Panthan, Th. & Deutsch, K. L. (eds.) *Political Thought in Modern India*. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 110-121.

Patham, Th. (1986) 'Beyond Liberal Democracy: Thinking With Democracy', in Panthan, Th. & Deutsch, K. L. (eds.) *Political Thought in Modern India*. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 325-46.

Zelliot, E. (1986). 'The Social and Political Thought of B.R. Ambedkar', in Panthan, Th. & Deutsch, K. L. (eds.) *Political Thought in Modern India*. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 161-75.

Anand Kumar, 'Understanding Lohia's Political Sociology: Intersectionality of Caste, Class, Gender and Language Issue' *Economic and Political Weekly*. Vol. XLV: 40, October 2008, pp. 64-70.

Pillai, R.C. (1986) 'The Political thought of Jawaharlal Nehru', in Panthan, T. & Deutsch, K. L. (eds.) *Political Thought in Modern India*. New Delhi: Sage pp. 260-74.

Jha, M. (2001) 'Ramabai: Gender and Caste', in Singh, M.P. and Roy, H. (eds.) *Indian Political Thought: Themes and Thinkers*, New Delhi: Pearson.

B.A (Programme)
Paper 3 Semester III
Indian Government and Politics

Maximum Marks: 100

No of Lectures: 60

- 1) **Approaches to the Study of Indian Politics and Nature of the State in India: Liberal, Marxist and Gandhian** (09 lectures)
- 2) **Indian Constitution : basic features, debates on Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles** (09 lectures)
- 3) **Institutional Functioning: Prime Minister, Parliament and Judiciary** (09 lectures)
- 4) **Power Structure in India : Caste, class and patriarchy** (07 lectures)
- 5) **Religion and Politics: debates on secularism and communalism** (06 lectures)
- 6) **Parties and Party systems in India** (05 lectures)
- 7) **Strategies of Development in India since Independence: Planned Economy and Neo-liberalism** (05 lectures)
- 8) **Social Movements : Workers, Peasants, Environmental and Women's Movement** (10 lectures)

Essential Texts.

Abbas, H., Kumar, R. & Alam, M. A. (2011) *Indian Government and Politics*. New Delhi: Pearson, 2011.

Chandhoke, N. & Priyadarshi, P. (eds.) (2009) *Contemporary India: Economy, Society, Politics*. New Delhi: Pearson.

Chakravarty, B. & Pandey, K. P. (2006) *Indian Government and Politics*. New Delhi: Sage.

Chandra, B., Mukherjee, A. & Mukherjee, M. (2010) *India After Independence*. New Delhi: Penguin.

Singh, M.P. & Saxena, R. (2008) *Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues and Concerns*. New Delhi: PHI Learning.

Vanaik, A. & Bhargava, R. (eds.) (2010) *Understanding Contemporary India: Critical Perspectives*. New Delhi: Orient Blackswan.

Menon, N. and Nigam, A. (2007) *Power and Contestation: India Since 1989*. London: Zed Book.

Austin, G. (1999) *Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Austin, G. (2004) *Working of a Democratic Constitution of India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Jayal, N. G. & Maheta, P. B. (eds.) (2010) *Oxford Companion to Indian Politics*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

B A Programme
Paper IV Semester IV
Comparative Government and Politics

Maximum Marks: 100

No. of Lectures: 60

1. The nature, scope and methods of comparative political analysis (10 lectures)
2. Comparing Regimes: Authoritarian and Democratic (06 lectures)
3. Classifications of political systems:
 - a) Parliamentary and Presidential: UK and USA
 - b) Federal and Unitary: Canada and China (15 lectures)
4. Electoral Systems: First past the post, proportional representation, mixed systems (07 lectures)
- 5 Party Systems: one-party, two-party and multi-party systems (09 lectures)
- 6 Contemporary debates on the nature of state: the security state and the changing nature of nation-state in the context of globalization. (13 lectures)

Essential Texts

Bara, J & Pennington, M. (eds.). (2009) *Comparative Politics*. New Delhi: Sage.

Caramani, D. (ed.). (2008) *Comparative Politics*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Hague, R. and Harrop, M. (2010) *Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction*. (Eight Edition). London: Palgrave MacMillan.

Ishiyama, J.T. and Breuning, M. (eds.). (2011) *21st Century Political Science: A Reference Book*. Los Angeles: Sage.

Newton, K. and Deth, Jan W. V. (2010) *Foundations of Comparative Politics: Democracies of the Modern World*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

O'Neil, P. (2009) *Essentials of Comparative Politics*. (Third Edition). New York: WW. Norton & Company, Inc.

Palekar, S.A. (2009) *Comparative Government and Politics*. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.

Readings

Topic 1.

Caramani, D. (2008) 'Introduction to Comparative Politics', in Caramani, D. (ed.) *Comparative Politics*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 1-23.

Mohanty, M. (1975) 'Comparative Political Theory and Third World Sensitivity', in *Teaching Politics*. Nos. 1 & 2, pp. 22-38.

Topic: 2.

Webb, E. (2011) 'Totalitarianism and Authoritarianism', in Ishiyama, J. T. and Breuning, M. (eds.) *21st Century Political Science: A Reference Book*. Los Angeles: Sage, pp. 249-257.

Hague, R. and Harrop, M. (2004) *Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction*. London: Palgrave MacMillan, pp. 36-50, 51-68.

Topic: 3.

Hague, R and Harrop, M. (2004) 'The Political Executive', in *Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction*. London: Palgrave MacMillan, pp. 268-290.

Topic: 4.

Cameron, D. R. (2002) 'Canada', in Ann L. G. (ed.) *Handbook of Federal Countries*. Montreal & Kingston: McGill-Queen's University Press, pp. 105-119.

Peter, H. (2002) 'Canada: A Federal Society-Despite Its Constitution', in Rekha Saxena. (ed.) *Mapping Canadian Federalism for India*. New Delhi: Konark Publisher, Pvt., pp. 115-129.

Dhillon, Michael. (2009), 'Government and Politics', in *Contemporary China: An Introduction*. London, New York: Routledge, 2009, pp. 137-160.

Topic: 5.

Evans, Jocelyn A.J. (2009) 'Electoral Systems', in Bara, J. and Pennington, M. (eds.) *Comparative Politics*. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 93-119.

Downs, W. M. (2011) 'Electoral Systems in Comparative Perspectives', in Ishiyama, J. T. and Breuning, M. (eds.) *21st Century Political Science: A Reference Book*. Los Angeles: Sage, pp. 159- 167.

Topic: 6.

Cole, A. (2011) 'Comparative Political Parties: Systems and Organizations', in Ishiyama, J.T. and Breuning, M. (eds.) *21st Century Political Science: A Reference Book*. Los Angeles: Sage, pp. 150-158.

Caramani, D. (2008) 'Party Systems', in Caramani, D. (ed.) *Comparative Politics*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 293-317, 318-347.

Topic: 7.

Poggi, Gianfranco. (2008) 'The nation-state', in Caramani, D. (ed.) *Comparative Politics*. Oxford: Oxford University Press pp. 85-107.

Hague, R. and Harrop, M. (2004) 'The state in a global context', in *Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction*. London: Palgrave MacMillan, pp. 17-34.

Further Readings:

Bara, J. (2009) 'Methods for Comparative Analysis', in Bara, J. & Pennington, M. (eds.) *Comparative Politics*. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 40-65.

Blondel, J. (1996) 'Then and Now: Comparative Politics', *Political Studies*. Vol. 47, Issue 1, pp. 152-160

- Chandhoke, N. (1996) 'Limits of Comparative Political Analysis', *Economic and Political Weekly*. vol. 31, No. 4, (January 27), pp. PE 2-PE8.
- Mair, P. (2008) 'Democracy', in Carmani, D. (ed.) *Comparative Politics*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 108-132.
- Robbins, J. W. (2011) 'Parsidentialism Verses Parliamentarism', in Ishiyama, J. T. and Marijke, B. (eds.) *21st Century Political Science: A Reference Book*. Los Angeles: Sage, pp. 177- 185.
- Watts, D. (2003) *Understanding US/UK Government and Politics*. Manchester: Manchester University Press, pp. 1-25; 66-105; 106-138.

B.A Programme

Paper V Optional A Semester V

Introduction to International Relations

Maximum Marks: 100

No. of lectures: 60

Course Objective: This Course is designed to give students a sense of some important theoretical approaches to understand international relations; a history from 1945 onwards to the present; and an outline of the evolution of Indian foreign policy since independence and its possible future trajectory.

1. Approaches to International Relations

- (a) Classical Realism (Hans Morgenthau) and Neo-Realism (Kenneth Waltz)
- (b) Neo-Liberalism: Complex Interdependence (Robert O. Keohane and Joseph Nye)
- (c) Structural Approaches: World Systems Approach (Immanuel Wallerstein) and Dependency School (Andre Gunder Frank)
- (d) Feminist Perspective (J. Ann Tickner) (27 lectures)

2. Cold War & Post-Cold War Era

- (a) Second World War & Origins Cold War
- (b) Phases of Cold World War:
First Cold War

Rise and Fall of Detente

Second Cold War

End of Cold War and Collapse of the Soviet Union

- (c) Post Cold- War Era and Emerging Centers of Power (European Union, China, Russia and Japan) (20 lectures)

3. India's Foreign Policy

- (a) Basic Determinants (Historical, Geo-Political, Economic, Domestic and Strategic)
- (b) India's Policy of Non-alignment

Essential Readings

- William, P., Goldstein, D. M. and Shafritz, J. M. (eds.) (1999) *Classic Readings of International Relations*. Belmont: Wadsworth Publishing Co, pp. 30-58; 92-126.
- Art, R. J. and Jervis, R. (eds.) (1999) *International Political Enduring: Concepts and Contemporary Issues*. 5th Edition. New York: Longman, pp. 7-14; 29-49; 119-126.
- Jackson, R. and Sorenson, G. (2008) *Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 59-96.
- Goldstein, J. and Pevehouse, J.C. (2009) *International Relations*. New Delhi: Pearson, pp. 81-111.
- Tickner, J. A. (2001) *Gendering World Politics: Issues and Approaches in the Post-Cold War Era*. Columbia University Press.
- Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2011) *The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations*. Fifth Edition. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 90-123; 142-159; 262-277.
- Wenger, A. and Zimmermann, D. (eds.) (2003) *International Relations: From the Cold World War to the Globalized World*. London: Lynne Rienner, pp. 54-89.
- Appadorai and Rajan, M. S. (eds.) (1985) *India's Foreign Policy and Relations*. New Delhi: South Asian Publishers.
- Mewmillians, W.C. and Piotrowski, H. (2001) *The World Since 1945: A History of International Relations*. Fifth edition. London: Lynne Rienner Publishers.
- Smith, M., Little, R. and Shackleton, M. (eds.) (1981) *Perspectives on World Politics*. London: Croom Helm.
- Indian Foreign Service Institute. (1997, 1998) *India's Foreign Policy: An Agenda for the 21st Century*. Vols. 1 & 2, New Delhi: Konark Publishers, pp. 3-41; 102-119.
- Ganguly, S. (ed.) (2009) *India's Foreign Policy: Retrospect and Prospect*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Vanaik, A. (1995) *India in a Changing World: Problems, Limits and Successes of Its Foreign Policy*. New Delhi: Orient Longman, pp. 19-41; 63-67; 102-114; 118-124; 132-134.

B.A (Prog.)
Paper V Semester V Optional B
Administration and Public Policy: Concepts and Theories

Maximum Marks: 100

No. of Lectures: 60

- 1. Public administration as a discipline: Meaning, scope and significance of the subject, public and private administration, brief evolution and major approaches, and comparative approaches to public administration. (16 lectures)**
- 2. Administrative theories: the classical theory, scientific management, the human relation theory, and rational decision-making. (16 lectures)**
- 3. Development administration: Elements of development administration. Time and space dimensions in the study of development administration, politics of development administration. (14 lectures)**
- 4. Understanding public policy: concept and theories, relevance of policy making in public administration and process of policy formulation and implementation and evaluation. (14 lectures)**

Readings:

Topic 1. Public administration as a discipline

- Awasthi, A. and Maheshwari, S. (2003) *Public Administration*. Agra: Laxmi Narain Agarwal, pp. 3-12.
- Henry, N. (2003) *Public Administration and Public Affairs*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall, pp. 1-52.

Topic 2. Administrative theories

- Bhattacharya, M. and Chakrabarty, B. (2005) 'Introduction: Public Administration: Theory and Practice', in Bhattacharya, M. and Chakrabarty, B. (eds.) *Public Administration: A Reader*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 1-50.
- Henry, N. (2003) *Public Administration and Public Affairs*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall, pp. 53-74.
- Mouzelis, N.P. (2005) 'The Ideal Type of Bureaucracy', in Bhattacharya, M. and Chakrabarty, B. (eds.) *Public Administration: A Reader*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 88-100.
- Hyderbrand, W. (1980) 'A Marxist Critique of Organization Theory', in Evan, W (ed.) *Frontiers in Organization & Management*. New York: Praeger, pp. 123-150.
- Hyderbrand, W. (1977) 'Organizational Contradictions in Public Bureaucracies: Towards a Marxian Theory of Organizations', in Benson, J. K. (ed.) *Organizational Analysis: Critique and Innovation*. Beverly Hills: Sage, pp. 85-109.

Topic 3. Development administration

Bhattacharya, M. (1999) *Restructuring Public Administration: Essays in Rehabilitation*. New Delhi: Jawahar, pp. 29-70, 85-98.

Bhattacharya, M. (2001) *New Horizons in Public Administration*. New Delhi: Jawahar, pp. 248-272, 301-323.

Topic 4. Understanding public policy

Dye, T.R. (1975) *Understanding Public Policy*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, pp. 1-38, 265-299.

Dror, Y. (1983) *Public Policy Making Reexamined*. Oxford: Transaction Publication, pp. 129-216.

Additional Readings:

Bernard, C. (1938) *The Functions of Executive*. Cambridge: Harvard University Press.

Esman, M.J. (1986) 'Politics of Development Administration', in Montgomery, J.D. and Siffin, W. (eds.), *Approaches to Development Politics*. New York: McGraw-Hill.

Gant, G.F. (1979) *Development Administration: Concepts, Goals, Methods*. Madison: University of Wisconsin Press.

Kamenka, E. & Krygier, M. (eds.) (1979) *Bureaucracy*. London: Edward Arnold.

Lee, H.B. (ed.) (1953) *Korea: Time, Change and Administration*. Hawai'i: University of Hawai'i Press.

Leftwich, A. (1994) 'Governance, the State and the Politics of Development', *Development and Change*, 25.

March, J. and Simon, H. (1958) *Organization*. New York: Wiley.

Mooney, J. (1954) *The Principles of Organization*. New York: Harper & Row.

Simon, H. (1967) *Administrative Behavior: A Study of Decision Making Process in Administrative Organization*. New York: Macmillan.

Wiedner, E. (ed.) (1970) *Development Administration in Asia*. Durham: Duke University Press.

PAPER VI
Optional B
Administration and Public Policy

Maximum Marks: 100
Allocation of Lectures: 60

1. Contemporary developments: new public administration, new public management, good governance and development, corporate governance, feminist and ecological perspective on public policy and administration.

(22 Lectures)

2. Democratization, decentralization and social protection: administration functional and fiscal decentralization, in rural and urban context, social welfare administration and social protection for weaker sections.

(20 Lectures)

3. Citizens, policy and administration: meaning and forms of public accountability. NGOs and peoples participation in public administration, role of machinery for redressal of public grievances, rights to information and other innovations.

(18 Lectures)

Essential Readings:

Topic 1. Contemporary developments

1. Bhattacharya, M. (1999) *Restructuring Public Administration: Essays in Rehabilitation*. New Delhi: Jawahar, pp. 29-50.
2. Osborne, S.P. and McLaughlin, K. (2002) 'The New Public Management in context', in McLaughlin, K.; Osborne, S. P. & Ferlie, E. (eds.) *New Public Management: Current trends and future prospects*. London & New York: Routledge, pp. 7-14.
3. Barzelay, M. (2002) 'Origins of the New Public Management: an international view from public administration/political science', in McLaughlin, K.; Osborne, S.P. & Ferlie, E. (eds.) *New Public Management: Current trends and future prospects*. London & New York: Routledge, pp.15-33.
4. Minogue, M. (2001) 'The Internationalization of Public Management', in McCourt, W. and Minogue, M. (eds.) *The Internationalization of Public Management: Reinventing the Third World State*. UK: Edward Elgar, pp. 1-19.

Topic 2. Democratization, decentralization and social protection

1. Bhattacharya, M. (2001) *New Horizons in Public Administration*. New Delhi: Jawahar, pp.412-428, 495-510.

2. Dreze, J. & Sen, A. (1995) *India: Economic Development and Social Opportunity*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 9-26, 87-108, 179-204.

Topic 3. Citizens, policy and administration

1. Bhattacharya, M. (2001) *New Horizons in Public Administration*. New Delhi: Jawahar, pp. 248-272, 412-428, 456-472, 475-510.
2. Chakrabarty, B. (2005) 'Voluntary Associations and Development Imperatives', in Bhattacharya, M. and Chakrabarty, B. (eds.) *Public Administration: A Reader*. New Delhi: oxford University Press, pp. 295-317.

Additional Readings:

1. Leftwich, A. (1994) 'Governance, the State and the Politics of Development', *Development and Change*, 25.
2. Esman, M.J. (1986) 'Politics of Development Administration', in Montgomery, J.D. & Siffin, W. (eds.), *Approaches to Development Politics*. New York: McGraw-Hill.
3. Weiner, M. (1998) 'India's Minorities: Who are they? What do they want?', in Chatterjee, P. (ed), *State and Politics in India*. Delhi: Oxford University Press.
4. Self, P. (1984) *Administrative Theories and Politics: An Inquiry into the Structure and Process of Modern Governments*. New Delhi: S. Chand and Co.
5. Kothari, R. (1998) 'Rise of the Dalits and the Renewed Debate on caste', in Chatterjee, P. (ed.), *State and Politics in India*. Delhi: Oxford University Press.

B.A. Programme

Paper VI Optional A Semester VI

A Globalizing World

Maximum Marks: 100

No. of Lectures: 60

Course Objective: the Purpose of this course is to give students a basic understanding of what is meant by the phenomenon of globalization, its source and forms. In addition, students will obtain a familiarity with both key global actors and certain urgent problems that requires solutions and global level.

1. **Globalization**
 - a) **What is it?**
 - b) **Economic, Political, Technological and Cultural Dimensions (09 Lectures)**
2. **Contemporary World Actors**
 - a) **United Nations**
 - b) **World Trade Organisation (WTO)**
 - c) **Group of 77 Countries (G-77) (25 Lectures)**
3. **Contemporary World Issues**
 - a) **Global Environmental Issues (Global Warming, Bio-diversity, Resource Scarcities)**
 - b) **Poverty and Inequality**
 - c) **International Terrorism (26 Lectures)**

Essential Readings

Lechner, F. J. and Boli, J. (eds.) (2004) *The Globalization Reader*. 2nd Edition. Oxford: Blackwell.

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